Minor HPA 2b - York Weston Profile: Mothers and Babies

	Toronto		York Weston			
Birth Indicators		% or	_	% or		Rate
	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	95% CI	Ratio**
Hospital Births	00.500		0.070	0.0		
1996	33,529		2,979	8.9		
1997	32,307		2,760	8.5		
1998	31,700		2,776	8.8		
1999	31,085		2,624	8.4		
2000	30,890		2,594	8.4		
2001	31,134		2,640	8.5		
2002	30,522		2,584	8.5		
Fertility Rate***						
Total Hospital Births to Women 15-49 years, 2000-02	92,546		7,818			
# of Women 15-49 years, 2001	677,550		47,110			
3-year Ave # of Births /1,000 women 15-49 years		45.53		55.32	(53.19, 57.44) 1.21 F
Teen Birth Rate***						
Total Hospital Births to Women 15-19 years, 1997-01	5,604		690			
# of Women 15-19 years, 2001	69,855		5,165			
5-year Ave # of Births /1,000 women 15-19 years		16.04		26.72	(22.26, 31.18) 1.67 F
Low Birthweight (LBW) - Total Births****				İ		
Total Hospital Births: Known Birthweight, 2000-02	92,541		7,818			
# LBW (Birthweight <2500 grams)	6,144		548			
% LBW (Birthweight <2500 grams)		6.6		7.0	(6.4, 7.6) 1.06 NS
Low Birthweight (LBW) - Singleton Births						
Singleton Registered Births:Known Birthweight, 1996-00	143,454		12,467	į		
# LBW (Birthweight <2500 grams)	7,399		673			
% LBW (Birthweight <2500 grams)		5.2		5.4	(5.0, 5.8)	1.05 NS
Births by Mother's Country of Birth (MCOB)						
# of Registered Births by MCOB, 2001	28,631		2,454	İ		
# & % of Births to Mothers not Born in Canada	18,813	65.7	1,690	68.9		
Top 3 Mother's Country of Birth (# & %)	China - 1,725	9.2	Jamaica - 161	9.5		
	India - 1,558	8.3	Philippines - 150	8.9		
	SriLanka - 1,545	8.2	Portugal- 146	8.6		
Infant Health Indicators						
Infant Mortality						
Total Hospital Births, 1996-98	95,831		8,375	!		ļ
Infant Deaths (# & Rate /1000 births)	560	5.84	59	7.04	7.04 (6.89, 7.2) 1.21 ⊦
Immunization rate (children 0 to < 2 years)*****						
# of Children born between July 96-July 97	27,562		1,913			
# & % Received at Least 5 Immunizations by Age 2	18727	67.9	1,281	67.0	(64.9,69.1	0.99 NS

CI - Confidence Interval

H/L/NS - chances are 19 in 20 that the rate is higher (H) or lower (L) or not significantly (NS) different than the aggregate (city) rate.

Dash (-) number and rate are suppressed since numerator is less than 5

Toronto numbers are the total of all geocoded data and tables excludes records with missing/incomplete/invalid postal codes.

- * rates based on fewer than 20 events are likely to be unstable and imprecise.
- ** Rate ratios for both sexes were created by dividing the local area rate by the City of Toronto aggregate rate.
- *** Fertility rate and teen birth rate include both live births and stillbirths.
- ***** LBW rate for total births (live births only) includes singleton and multiple births (i.e. twins, triplets, etc.). Multiple births are more likely to have a low birthweight which makes the LBW rate for total births higher than the singleton LBW rate.

 ****** Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-term Care (MOHLTC) physician claims does not include data from Community Health Centres (CHCs).

About the Data:

Registered Births from Vital Statistics
Indicator: % LBW Singleton Births , % Births to Mothers not Born in Canada

Source: Live Birth Database, PHPDB, Ministry of Health & Long Term Care (MOHLTC), Oct 2003

Data Limitations: A number of live births are not reported in the provincial vital statistics each year. This number increased in 1996 and again in 1997.

It is estimated that 3.2% of Toronto live births were not reported in 1997. The number under-reported is disproportionately higher among mothers under 20 years of age,

low birth weight births and pre-term births. Therefore, the number of low birth weight births and pre-term births in 1997 may be higher than reported.

Indicator: Total Hospital Births, % LBW Total Hospital Births ,Teen Birth Rate, Fertility Rate
Source: Ontario Hospital Inpatient Data, Provincial Health Planning Database (PHPDB) Versions:13.10 and 14.02, Health Planning Branch, Ontario MOHLTC and Statistics Canada, 2001 Census of Canada.

Data Limitations: Data excludes births that took place in a non-hospital location. Census tract allocation is based on postal code of patient. Inpatient records that have a missing/incomplete/invalid postal code are excluded from census tract analyses (approximately 2% from 1997 to 2000).

Infant Mortality Indicator: Infant Mortality Rate

Source: Statistics Canada, Vital Statistics and Newborn Inpatient Records, Ontario Hospital Inpatient Data, Provincial Health Planning Database (PHPDB) Versions:13.10 and 14.02, Health Planning Branch, Ontario MOHLTC .

Source: Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care (MOHLTC)